

# 8<sup>th</sup> Annual Pesticide Stewardship Conference

#### Educating Applicators About Drift Potential

**Stephen Pearson** 





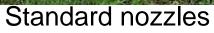
# **Spray Drift**













Low drift (air induction) nozzles







# **Teglet** Factors that may influence drift

#### Non controllable

Wind speed and direction Cropping structures

**Femperature and humidity** 

Downwind vegetation

Controllable

Width of Buffer Zone

Field practice

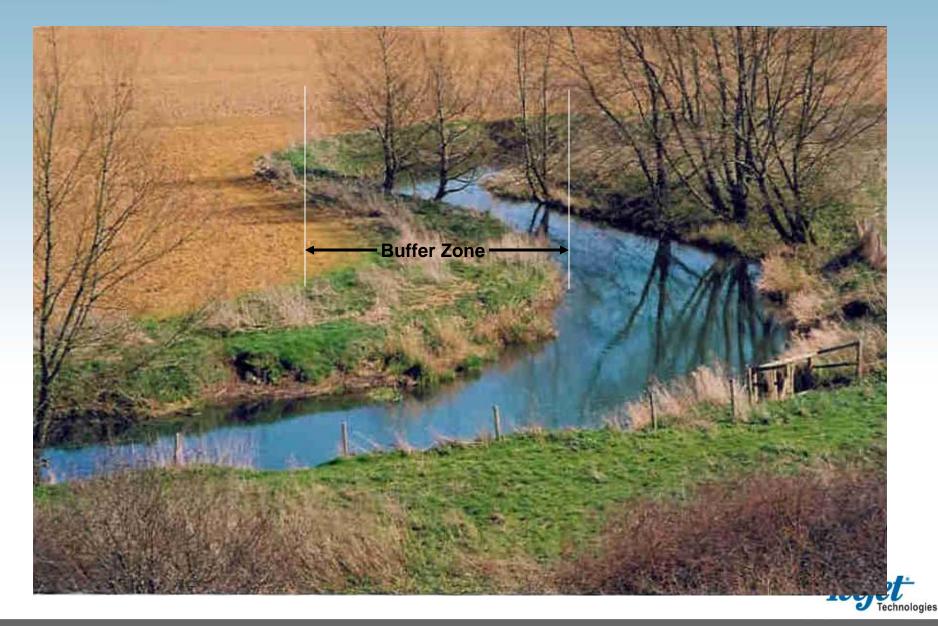
Dose rate

Wind breaks

Sprayer: Nozzle type, size, pressure Spraying speed Use of air assistance Shrouded booms Effective release height

Technologies







# **Drift Management Strategies**

By selecting the proper drift reduction nozzles is one of the best ways to protect sensitive areas.







# Defining Spray Particles

## Particles or Droplets - form the spray





#### Droplet sizes within a spray pattern

⇒ Expressed in Microns (micrometers)





# **Droplet Sizes**

- Measured and then expressed in various ways.
- VMD (Volume Median Diameter) or D(v0.5)
- ➡ D(v0.1) (Small Droplets in relation)
- ➡ D(v0.9) (Large Droplets in relation)





# **Drop Size**

#### The definitive way to define spray atomization.



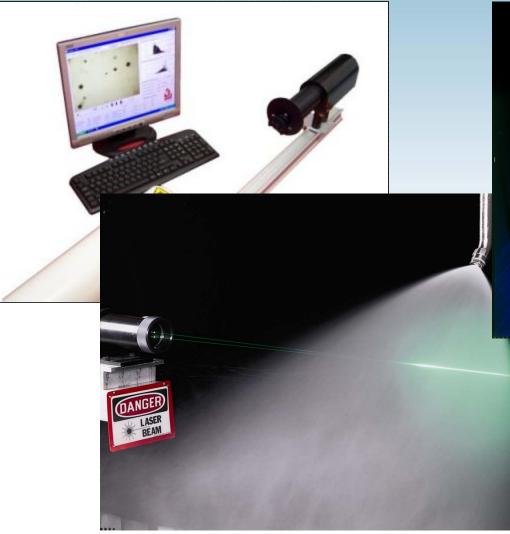
© 2008 Oxford Lasers Ltd





## **Laser Systems**

#### © 2008 Oxford Lasers Ltd









# **Droplet Size Categories**

Category	Symbol	Color Code	Approximate VMD Range (PDPA)	Approximate VMD Range (Oxford)	Approximate VMD Range (ASAE S572)*
Very Fine	VF	Red	< 157	< 136	<144
Fine	F	Orange	157 – 256	136 - 173	144 - 235
Medium	М	Yellow	257 - 360	174 – 214	236 - 340
Coarse	С	Blue	361 - 437	215 - 334	341 - 403
Very Coarse	VC	Green	438 - 526	335 - 412	404 - 502
Extremely Coarse	XC	White	> 526	> 412	> 502

\*Data extracted from American Soiciety of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) Standard S572. Data is an average of three laser measuring instruments (Malvern, PMS, and PDPA) and is based on the following droplet size studies:

- 1) Womac, A.R., R.A. Maynard, I.W.Kirk.1999. Measurement variations in reference sprays for nozzle classification, Transactions of the ASAE 42(3):609-616
- 2) Womac, A.R., 2000. Quality control of standardized reference spray nozzles, Transactions of the ASAE, 43(1):47-56.

echnologies



# BCPC

#### <u>1985 BRITISH CROP PROTECTION</u> <u>CONFERENCE–WEEDS</u>

A System for Classifying Hydraulic Nozzles and Other Atomisers into Categories of Spray Quality

SJ Doble

GA Mathews

I Rutherford

ESE Southcombe





## Droplet Size Categories ASAE Standard S572\*

Category	Symbol	Color Code	Dv0.1	Dv0.5 (VMD)	Dv0.9
Very Fine	VF		< 57	< 144	< 274
Fine	F	Orange	57 – 111	144 - 235	274 - 415
Medium	М	Yellow	112 - 149	236 - 340	416 - 579
Coarse	С	Blue	150 - 170	341 - 403	580 - 732
Very Coarse	VC	Green	171 - 215	404 - 502	733 - 790
Extremely Coarse	XC	White	> 215	> 502	> 790

\*Data extracted from American Soiciety of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) Standard S572. Data is an average of three laser measuring instruments (Malvern, PMS, and PDPA) and is based on the following droplet size studies:





# LERAP

#### Local Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides

#### Table 1. Definition of LERAP-Low Drift Star Ratings

Terminology	Drift Performance (measurable as ground deposit)
No LERAP-Low drift rating	Drift levels greater than75% of that from reference system.
LERAP-Low Drift - one star *	Drift levels greater than 50% and up to 75% of that from reference system.
LERAP-Low Drift - two star **	Drift levels greater than 25% and up to 50% of that from reference system.
LERAP-Low Drift - three star ***	Drift levels up to 25% of that from reference system.



# Julius-Kuhn-Institute (JKI) Germany

### DIX – Drift Potential Index Compared to a reference nozzle you can achieve:

**Drift Reduction Class** 

50% 75% 90%





# **Similar Drift Schemes**

- Netherlands
- ➡ France
- ➡ Belgium
- ⇒ Etc





## **Nozzles**

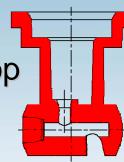
# Most applicators view the nozzle as the key to managing the drift potential.

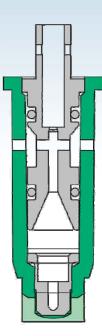




## **Drift Reduction Nozzle Technology**

Pre-orifice to create pressure drop





Venturi effect to produce air-induced, larger droplets



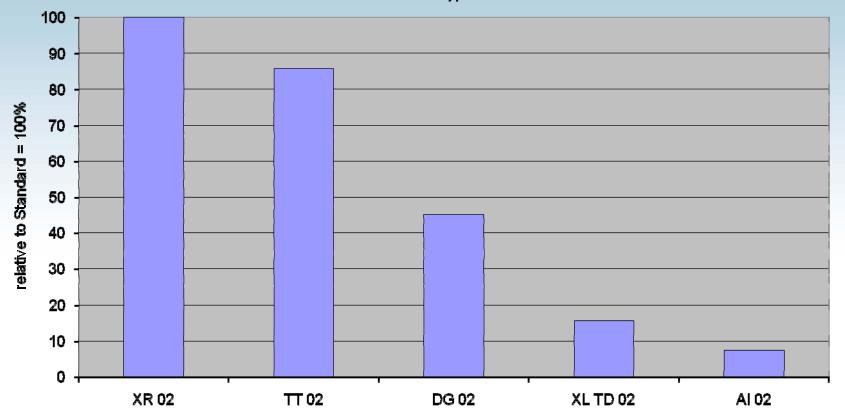
© 2008 Oxford Lasers Ltd





# **Effect of Nozzle Type**

Reducing Drift with Various Nozzle Types effect of nozzle-type at 150 l/ha



J. van de Zande et al. 2000





#### Droplet Size Measurement and Classification

ASAE S572 FEB04 Spray Nozzle Classification by Droplet Spectra



American Society of Agricultural Engineers







# **ASAE S572**

Classification	Nozzle	Nominal rated flow rate <sup>1</sup>		Reference flow rate <sup>2</sup>		Reference operating pressure <sup>3</sup>	
category threshold	spray angle (°)	(L/min)	(gpm)	(L/min)	(gpm)	(kPa)	(psi)
VF / F	110	0.38	0.10	0.48	0.13	450	65.3
F/M	110	1.14	0.30	1.18	0.31	300	43.5
M / C	110	2.27	0.60	1.93	0.51	200	29.0
C / VC	80	3.03	0.80	2.88	0.76	250	36.3
VC / XC	65	3.78	1.00	3.22	0.85	200	29.0

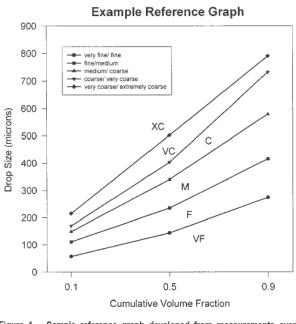


Figure 1 – Sample reference graph developed from measurements averaged from three types of laser instruments.





#### Droplet Size Categories ASAE Standard S572\*

Category	Symbol	Color Code	Dv0.1	Dv0.5 (VMD)	Dv0.9
Very Fine	VF	Red	< 57	< 144	< 274
Fine	F	Orange	57 – 111	144 - 235	274 - 415
Medium	М	Yellow	112 - 149	236 - 340	416 - 579
Coarse	С	Blue	150 - 170	341 - 403	580 - 732
Very Coarse	VC	Green	171 - 215	404 - 502	733 - 790
Extremely Coarse	XC	White	> 215	> 502	> 790

\*Data extracted from American Soiciety of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) Standard S572. Data is an average of three laser measuring instruments (Malvern, PMS, and PDPA) and is based on the following droplet size studies:

- 1) Womac, A.R., R.A. Maynard, I.W.Kirk.1999. Measurement variations in reference sprays for nozzle classification, Transactions of the ASAE 42(3):609-616
- 2) Womac, A.R., 2000. Quality control of standardized reference spray nozzles, Transactions of the ASAE, 43(1):47-56.

echnologies



## **Droplet Size Charts**

9						PSI					
	15	20	25	30	35	40	50	60	70	80	90
TT11001	С	М	М	М	М	м	F	F	F	F	F
TT110015	С	С	М	М	М	М	М	М	F	F	F
TT11002	С	С	С	М	М	М	М	М	М	М	F
TT11003	VC	VC	С	С	С	С	М	М	М	М	М
TT11004	XC	VC	VC	С	С	С	С	С	М	М	М
TT11005	XC	VC	VC	VC	VC	С	С	С	С	М	М
TT11006	XC	XC	VC	VC	VC	С	С	С	С	С	М
TT11008	XC	XC	VC	VC	VC	VC	С	С	С	С	М

#### XR TeeJet® (XR) and XRC TeeJet® (XRC)

AND.				PSI			
<b>U</b>	15	20	25	30	40	50	60
XR8001	М	F	F	F	F	F	F
XR80015	М	М	М	F	F	F	F
XR8002	М	М	М	М	F	F	F
XR8003	M	М	М	М	М	М	F
XR8004	С	С	М	М	М	М	М
XR8005	С	С	С	С	М	М	М
XR8006	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
XR8008	VC	VC	VC	С	С	С	С
XR11001	F	F	F	F	F	VF	VF
XR110015	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
XR11002	M	F	F	F	F	F	F
XR11003	М	М	М	F	F	F	F
XR11004	М	М	М	М	М	F	F
XR11005	М	М	М	М	М	М	F
XR11006	С	С	М	М	М	М	М
XR11008	С	С	С	С	C	М	М

TwinJet®

A	PSI							
	30	35	40	50	60			
TJ60-11002	F	F	F	F	F			
TJ60-11003	F	F	F	F	F			
TJ60-11004	М	F	F	F	F			
TJ60-11006	М	М	М	М	М			
TJ60-11008	С	М	М	М	М			
TJ60-11010	С	С	С	М	М			

#### DG TwinJet®

Fine

A	PSI							
	30	35	40	50	60			
DGTJ60-110015	F	F	F	F	F			
DGTJ60-11002	М	М	М	F	F			
DGTJ60-11003	С	М	М	M	M			
DGTJ60-11004	C	C	C	С	M			
DGTJ60-11006	С	С	С	С	С			
DGTJ60-11008	С	С	C	С	С			
VF	F	М	С	VC	XC			
Very	Fine M	/ledium	Coarse	Very	Extreme			

Coarse

Coarse

Droplet size classifications are based on BCPC specifications and in accordance with ASAE Standard S-572 at the date of printing. Classifications are subject to change.





# Summary

- Keep the message simple and easy to understand.
- ➡ Give the applicators plenty of choices.
- Easy access to information.

